Module 2: Harm Reduction Strategies



Learning Objectives

- Define harm reduction and summarize examples of harm reduction strategies
- 2. Identify stigmatizing behavior and barriers to managing patients with substance use disorder (SUD) within a pharmacy
- 3. Describe appropriate verbiage to reframe the language of addiction

Harm Reduction

What is Harm Reduction?

- Harm reduction refers to minimizing or "reducing" harm by decreasing negative social and physical consequences that result from various legal or illegal human behaviors
- Overall goal of harm reduction is to improve public health with risk free use instead of complete abstinence





Harm Reduction Targets

Overdose

HIV/AIDS

Hepatitis B and C

Bacterial infections

Dependence

Physical and mental health problems

Accidents and aggression

Crime

Harm from criminalization

Examples of Harm Reduction Strategies in Community Pharmacies

Access to naloxone

Access to PrEP Good Samaritan Laws

Syringe access programs

Avoiding stigmatizing language



Which of the following an example harm reduction strategy that could help minimize harm from the opioid epidemic?

- A. A pharmacist asks a customer, "Are you a druggie?" when the person asks to purchase clean needles
- B. A pharmacist refuses to stock naloxone in his pharmacy because he does not want "those type of people" in his store
- C. By Maryland law, a pharmacist administers naloxone to a person who appears to be overdosing on opioids is protected from charges, prosecution, or arrest.

Which of the following an example harm reduction strategy that could help minimize harm from the opioid epidemic?

- A. A pharmacist asks a customer, "Are you a druggie?" when the person asks to purchase clean needles
- B. A pharmacist refuses to stock naloxone in his pharmacy because he does not want "those type of people" in his store
- C. By Maryland law, a pharmacist administers naloxone to a person who appears to be overdosing on opioids is protected from charges, prosecution, or arrest.

Key points

- Harm reduction refers to minimizing or "reducing" harm by decreasing negative social and physical consequences that result from various legal or illegal human behaviors
- Harm reduction strategies include access to naloxone, access to PrEP, good Samaritan laws, syringe access programs, and avoiding stigmatizing language

Breaking Barriers and Stigma



Addiction



Addiction is a complex disease of the brain that is influenced by biology





Reframing the Language

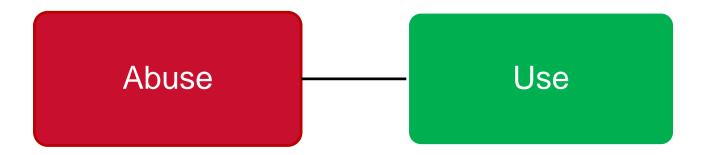
Stigmatizing Language Reframed Language A person with substance use disorder Addict, Druggie, Junkie Someone with substance use disorder Ex-addict, Are any Recovery, Are any of your patients' of your patients in ex-addicts? recovery??

- This stigmatizing language:
 - Defines the person as only their substance use disorder

Reframing The Language

Stigmatizing Language

Reframed Language



- This stigmatizing language:
 - May limit the conversation to people who use recreational drugs and exclude patients prescribed prescription drugs
 - Makes the person seem as though they need punishment instead of therapy



Reframing The Language

Stigmatizing Language

Reframed Language

Clean/Dirty, Are you clean?

Abstinent/Relapsed, Have you been able to stay abstinent?

- This stigmatizing language:
 - Implies because they use drugs, they are a dirty person

Reframe underlined stigmatizing language.

- A. "TB injects heroin. He is a <u>druggie</u>."
- B. "AJ, are you clean?"
- C. "CH, what drugs do you <u>abuse</u>?"



Reframe underlined stigmatizing language.

- A. "TB injects heroin. He has a <u>substance</u> use <u>disorder</u>."
- B. "AJ, have you been able to abstain from drug use?"
- C. "CH, what drugs do you use?"



Key Points

 Addiction is not a moral failure but a complex disease state with a biological basis

 Reframing language is a harm reduction strategy



You have completed Module 2: Harm Reduction Strategies



Module 1 Key Takeaways

- Harm reduction refers to minimizing or "reducing" harm by decreasing negative social and physical consequences that result from various legal or illegal human behaviors
- Harm reduction strategies include access to naloxone, good Samaritan laws, syringe access programs, and avoiding stigmatizing language
- Addiction is not a moral failure but a complex disease state with a biological basis
- Reframing language is a harm reduction strategy

